

## 114691 to 114693—Continued.

114691. *Daber.*114692. *Eierkartoffel.*114693. *Flava.*114694. *OCHROMA CONCOLOR* Rowlee.  
Bombacaceae.

From Mexico. Seeds collected by Prof. M. Martínez at Villa Azueta, Veracruz, and presented by W. R. Maxon, United States National Museum. Received May 2, 1936.

A large tropical tree, native to Guatemala; one of several species which yield the balsam wood of commerce.

## 114695 to 114697.

From Scotland. Seeds presented by the Scottish Society for Research in Plant Breeding, Craigs House, Corstorphine, Edinburgh. Received May 29, 1936.

114695. *AGROSTIS PALUSTRIS* Huds. Poaceae. Creeping bent.114696. *PHLEUM PRATENSE* L. Poaceae. Timothy.

CB. 191. Pasture timothy.

114697. *PHLEUM PRATENSE* L. Poaceae. Timothy.

CB. 213. Rust resistant hay timothy.

114698 and 114699. *SOLANUM TUBEROSUM* L. Solanaceae. Potato.

From Uruguay. Tubers presented by the Instituto Fitotecnico y Semillero Nacional "La Estanzuela," Montevideo. Received April 25, 1936.

114698. *Americana blanca.*114699. *Yaguau.*

## 114700 to 114823.

From China. Seeds collected in Szechwan Province and presented by the Botanic Garden Division of the Sun Yat-Sen Tomb and Memorial Park Commission, Nanking. Received April 3, 1936.

114700. *ACANTHOPANAX SEPTEMLOBUM* (Thunb.) Koidz. Araliaceae.

No. 1. A tree up to 90 feet high, native to eastern Asia. The large round leaves, sometimes a foot across, are divided into seven triangular serrate lobes, and the small white flowers, in large terminal clusters, are followed by small black fruits.

For previous introduction see 99141.

114701. *ACANTHOPANAX SETCHUENENSIS* Harms. Araliaceae.

No. 2. A bush up to 10 feet high, native to western China, where it is found in thickets at altitudes of 5,500 to 6,500 feet. The small white flowers, in short-peduncled umbels, are followed by black fruits. This species is closely related to *Acanthopanax leucorrhizus*.

For previous introduction see 52928.

114702. *ACANTHOPANAX TRIFOLIATUM* (L.) C. Schneid. Araliaceae.

No. 3. A hardy spiny climbing shrub, native to western China, with slender-stemmed, three-parted, light-green leaves and compound terminal umbels of small greenish flowers followed by small black berries.

For previous introduction see 110285.

## 114700 to 114823—Continued.

114703. *ACER BRIANTHUM* Schwerin. Aceraceae. Maple.

No. 5. A small tree, related to *Acer caudatum*, with five-lobed to seven-lobed leaves about 4 inches long and broad. Native to central and western China.

114704. *ACER LAEVIGATUM* Wall. Aceraceae. Maple.

No. 6. A large tree, up to 40 feet high and 3 to 4 feet in diameter, native to the temperate slopes of the Himalayas and western China. The oblong-ovate, nearly entire leaves are 2 to 6 inches long, reticulate beneath, and the panicked cymes of small white flowers appear with the leaves.

For previous introduction see 99711.

114705. *ACER TETRAMERUM* Pax. Aceraceae. Maple.

No. 7. A tree native to central and western China, 20 to 30 feet high, with oval or oblong, coarsely toothed leaves from 2 to 3½ inches long. The keys are slender stalked, and the nutlets are thick and strongly veined.

For previous introduction see 43813.

114706. *ACHYRANTHES BIDENTATA* Blume. Amaranthaceae.

No. 8. A slender perennial 4 to 6 feet in height, with broadly elliptic leaves 3 to 10 inches long and slender spikes of small white flowers. Native to eastern Asia.

114707. *ACTINIDIA CALLOSA* Lindl. Dilleniaceae.

No. 9. A climbing shrub, becoming 20 feet or more long, with conspicuous lenticels on the branchlets. The oval to oblong, serrulate, acuminate leaves are 3 to 5 inches long, and the small white flowers, one-half inch across, are followed by ovoid spotted fruits 1 inch long. Native to the Himalayas and southwestern China.

114708. *ACTINIDIA CORIACEA* (Fin. and Gagn.) Dunn. Dilleniaceae.

No. 10. A climbing shrub about 25 feet high, with persistent, coriaceous, lanceolate, finely dentate leaves nearly 6 inches long. These are bronze red, passing into metallic green; in autumn they take on a beautiful reddish color. The fragrant white flowers are followed by small greenish ovoid or elongated fruits. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see 42683.

114709. *ACTINODAPHNE CONFERTIFOLIA* (Hemsl.) Gamble. Lauraceae.

No. 11. An evergreen shrub or tree of medium size, with lanceolate leaves about 4 inches long, clustered at the tops and forks of the branches, and inconspicuous flowers, followed by small black berries. Native to western China.

114710. *ACTINODAPHNE RETICULATA* Meissn. Lauraceae.

No. 12. A small evergreen tree with whorled linear or elliptic lanceolate leaves about 6 inches long and clusters of small greenish flowers. Native to northeastern India.

114711. *ADENOSTEMMA LAVENIA* (L.) Kuntze. Asteraceae.

No. 13.